

# WHAT IN THE WORLD ARE WE DOING ABOUT OUR FRESH WATER RESOURCES ?

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13<sup>TH</sup> ANNUAL WATER CONFERENCE

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### WHO NEEDS WATER?

- 40% OF THE WORLD POPULATION IS AFFECTED BY WATER SCARCITY
- 70% OF ALL WATER RESOURCES ARE USED IN AGRICULTURE
- 70% OF ALL DEATHS FROM NATURAL DISASTERS ARE WATER RELATED
- 80% OF USA IS SUPPLIED BY SURFACE WATER
- 50% OF POPULATION RELIES ON GROUNDWATER, RURAL USE IS 99% GROUND WATER

# WORLD CITIES AT RISK

- MEXICO CITY HAS RUNNING WATER ONLY PART OF DAY
  - 1IN 5 HAS TAP WATER A FEW HOURS A WEEK
- JAKARTA, INDONESIA GROUND WATER EXTRACTION CAUSES SUBSIDENCE
  - OCCURS FASTER THAN SEA LEVEL RISE
- SAU PAULO, BRAZIL WATER RESERVOIRS DEPLETED IN 2015
  - PIPES DREW IN MUD
  - WATER TAPS TO HOMES REDUCED TO A FEW HOURS PER WEEK
  - EMERGENCY WATER TRUCKS LOOTED
  - LAST MINUTE RAINS PREEMPTED COMPLETE CLOSURE OF TAPS







# DAY ZERO CAPE TOWN SOUTH AFRICA 2015-18

- CAPE TOWN IS AN OASIS SURROUNDED BY DESERT/ MEDITERRANEAN CLIMATE SIMILAR TO
  SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA
- MOUNTAINS TRAP OCEAN MOISTURE; FEEDS RIVERS AND FILLS AQUIFERS
- POPULATION GROWTH IN CAPE TOWN DEMANDS ADDITIONAL WATER SOURCES
- CLIMATE CHANGE IS PROJECTED TO REDUCE RAINFALL AND AQUIFER RECHARGE

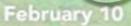
# DAY ZERO CAPE TOWN SOUTH AFRICA 2015-18

- VOLUNTARY WATER USE RESTRICTIONS SET AT 50 LITERS PER DAY
  - LESS THAN I/6 OF WHAT AMERICAN USES
  - LESS THAN <sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> OF CITIZENS COMPLY
  - POOLS, GARDEN WATERING, AND CARWASHES ARE ILLEGAL
  - WATER THEFT PATROLS ENFORCED AT NATURAL SPRINGS



- THE CITY MAY DECLARE DAY ZERO WITH MANDATORY 25 LITERS PER DAY LIMIT
  - DAILY RATION EQUALS 4 MINUTES OF SHOWER NOTHING LEFT TO USE
  - CITY HAS PREPARED 200 EMERGENCY STATIONS OUTSIDE OF GROCERIES AND OTHER GATHERING SPOTS
  - EACH STATION WOULD HAVE TO SERVE 20,000 RESIDENTS

**January 7** 



# DAY ZERO IN AUSTRALIA ?

AUSTRALIA HAS THE GREATEST RAINFALL VARIABILITY OF ANY COUNTRY IN THE WORLD

- 3 WET PERIODS IN LAST 130 YEARS LONGEST DRY PERIOD 1900-1944
  - POPULATION WENT FROM 3.8 TO 7.5 MILLION DURING THIS DRY PERIOD.
  - TODAY POPULATION IS 21 MILLION
  - MURRAY RIVER AVERAGE RUNOFF 11,000 BILLION LITERS, VARIES FROM 1,670 TO 30,000 BILLION PER YEAR
  - 12% OF RAINFALL FLOWS AS SURFACE WATER, THE REST EVAPORATES
- AUSTRALIA HAS THE GREATEST DOMESTIC WATER FOOTPRINT PER CAPITA IN THE WORLD
  - AVERAGE HOUSEHOLD OF 4 PEOPLE CONSUMES 330,000 LITERS PER YEAR
  - USES ANOTHER 2,700,00 LITERS PER YEAR (I/2 USED FOR FOOD PRODUCTION)
  - A SINGLE ALMOND PLANTATION WITH 500,000 TREES USES 16,000,000 LITERS PER HECTARE
    - 6 LITERS PER ALMOND ????

# DAY ZERO AVERTED IN PERTH, AUSTRALIA

- PREVIOUSLY RELIANT ON DAMMED RSERVOIRS
  - RAINFALL HAS DECLINED 20% SINCE THE 1970'S
  - WATER SUPPLY INTO RESERVOIRS HAS DECLINED FROM
    300 BILLION TO 25 BILLION LITERS PER YEAR
- GROUND WATER IN LARGE PORTIONS OF AUSTRALIA IS SALINE
- PERTH WATER CORPORATION HAS DEVELOPED ALTERNATIVE WATER SUPPLIES
  - SEA WATER DESALINATION PLANTS
    - 1 TRILLION LITERS PRODUCED THREE YEARS OF DEMAND
    - MELBOURNE HAS BUILT A PLANT IN RESERVE BUT NOT IN USE
  - TREATED WASTE WATER INJECTED INTO AQUIFERS FOR REUSE AS DRINKING WATER



### ATTEMPTS TO MANAGE WATER RESOURCES

- STATE POLICIES
- REGIONAL COMPACTS
- FEDERAL/NATIONAL POLICIES/REGULATIONS
- UNITED NATIONS STUDIES/ADVISORIES

To amend the Fair Credit Reporting Act to create protected credit reports for minors and protect the credit of minors, and for other purposes.

114th CONGRESS

1st Session

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

H.R. 1703

MARCH 26, 2015 Mr. LANGEVIN (for himself, Mr. LINNCH, Ms. CLARK of Massachusetts, and Mr. CÁRDENAS) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Financial Services

#### A BILL

To amend the Fair Credit Reporting Act to create protected credit reports for minors and protect the credit of minors, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-

NGO INITIATIVES TO BE SMARTER USERS AND LIMIT INDUSTRIAL USE OF HIGH QUALITY WATER





#### US WATER LAW FRAMEWORK

- RIPARIAN RIGHT ALLOCATED TO THOSE POSSESSING LAND ALONG WATER (EASTERN USA)
- RIGHT OF CAPTURE FIRST PERSON TO "CAPTURE" OWNS IT (WESTERN USA)
- NEGOTIATED/MANDATED RESTRICTIONS TO PROVIDE FOR GREATER GOOD
  - SETS LIMITS ON APPROPRIATION OF NEW INSTREAM FLOW RIGHTS WITHIN MULTI-STATE COMPACT
  - LIMITS FUTURE INCREASE OF WATER USE BY ESTABLISHING INSTREAM RIGHTS
  - PREVENTS FUTURE APPROPRIATION OF WATER
  - MAINTAINS MINIMUM WATER LEVEL FOR POWER PRODUCTION
- DROUGHT CONTINGENCY PLANS BASED ON 1922 COLORADO RIVER COMPACT
  - AUTHORIZED STORAGE OF CONSERVED WATER
  - ESTABLISH DEMAND MANAGEMENT PROGRAM
  - INCENTIVIZED VOLUNTARY CONSERVATION
  - PREDETERMINED RESERVOIR ELEVATIONS



# COLORADO RIVER DROUGHT CONTINGENCY PLAN

- MULTI-STATE AGREEMENT TO MANAGE LIMITED RESOURCE
  - AGRICULTURE
  - DRINKING WATER SUPPLY
  - POWER GENERATION
- PARTICIPATING STATES
  - WYOMING
  - NEVADA
  - UTAH
  - COLORADO
  - CALIFORNIA
  - ARIZONA
  - NEW MEXICO





# OTHER FORMS OF WATER POLICY

- CHILE: DIRECCIO'N GENERAL DE AQUAS (DGA)
  - RESPONSIBLE FOR MAINTAINING MINIMUM STREAM FLOWS
  - LEGAL AUTHORITY LIMITED BY CHILEAN CONSTITUTION
  - WATER RIGHT REQUESTS MUST BE GRANTED IF WATER IS AVAILABLE
  - WATER RIGHTS SOLID AT AUCTION TO HIGHEST BIDDER IF INSUFFICIENT SUPPLY FOR ALL REQUESTS
  - WATER RIGHTS CONSIDERED PRIVATE PROPERTY
  - DGA CAN NOT RESTRICT RIGHTS BUT MAY BUY THEM BACK







# WHERE DOES THE FUTURE LEAD US ?

- IS A NATIONAL WATER POLICY POSSIBLE IN OUR LIFETIME OR EVER ?
- IS ONE NECESSARY ?
- DO WE HAVE A POSITIVE OUTLOOK FOR AN EXPANDING POPULACE ?
- ARE THERE TECHNOLOGIES AVAILABLE TO PROVIDE WATER AS WORLD POPULATION GROWS ?
  - WHO WILL BE ABLE TO AFFORD THE NECESSARY TECHNOLOGIES TO SURVIVE ?
- AT WHAT POINT WILL THE POPULATION EXCEED OUR ABILITY TO PROVIDE CLEAN WATER ?
- IS INTERNATIONAL COORDINATION OF RESEARCH AND POLICY DEVELOPMENT NEEDED ?
  - WATER SHORTAGE IMPACT IS AT LEAST AS IMMEDIATE AS CLIMATE CHANGE
- IS SUSTAINABILITY POSSIBLE ?





"THE TECHNOLOGY IS THERE TO TREAT ANY WATER - WASTE WATER, STORM WATER, ANY KIND OF WATER CAN BE TREATED TO PERFECTION" - UNIVERSITY OF WESTERN AUSTRALIA PROFESSOR OF ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING - ANAS GHADOUANI

> CAN WE PRODUCE ENOUGH ? AT WHAT COST ? WHO GETS IT ?



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