13th Annual Louisiana Water Conference

Lousiana State University Baton Rouge, Louisiana 15 & 16 April 2019

SAFE WATER for DISINFECTION: USING DISINFECTANT WATER for the 2014 EBOLA OUTBREAK in

Sierra Leone

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Lee P. Gary, Jr. 16 April 2019

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT: CO-AUTHORS

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Robert S. Reimers

Professor Emeritus Tulane School of Public Health

Kari F. Brisolara

Associate Dean and Professor LSU School of Public Health

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

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Sanitary Consortium, Inc.

Jerome S. Verges, Jr. Peter C. Scharf Jehan D. Colimon

CHRONOLGY

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2010 HAITI – Earthquake > Human Waste Focus - Decontimination

2014 WEST AFRICA – Outbreak > Ebola Virus Focus - Disinfection

HAITI – Truitier Pit (2010)





CHRONOLGY

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2015 WHO DECLARATION: West Africa – Outbreak > Ebola Virus Guinea / Liberia / Sierra Leone

EBOLA OUTBREAK Overview – West Africa (WHO 2015)

Sierra Leone	Cases Deaths	14,124 3,956		
► Liberia	Cases Deaths	10,675 4,809		
► Guinea	Cases Deaths	3,811 2,543		

CHRONOLGY

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2015 WHO DECLARATION: Prevent Transfer > *Ebola Virus* Inhibit Contact > *Body Fluids*

EBOLA ODYSSEY

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2015 WHO DECLARATION: Prevent Transfer > Disinfect Inhibit Contact > Decontaminate (Incineration and Dispose)

EBOLA ODYSSEY

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WHO - CHLORINE SOLUTIONS: 0.50% Weight / Sodium Hypochlorite 0.05% Weight / Sodium Hypochlorite *Q: WATER ?*

EBOLA ODYSSEY

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USE - CHLORINE SOLUTIONS: 0.50 % > Treatment 0.05 % > Hygiene 0.50 % > Facility

EBOLA ODYSSEY

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WHO - CHLORINE SOLUTIONS: Q: Sources of NaClO4 ? Q: Sources of Safe Water ? Water ∑ Raw - Clean -- Safe --- Medical

EBOLA ODYSSEY

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WHO - CHLORINE SOLUTIONS:

A: Sources of Clean Water? Bore Holes and Traders

Q: Sources of NaClO4 ? World Market











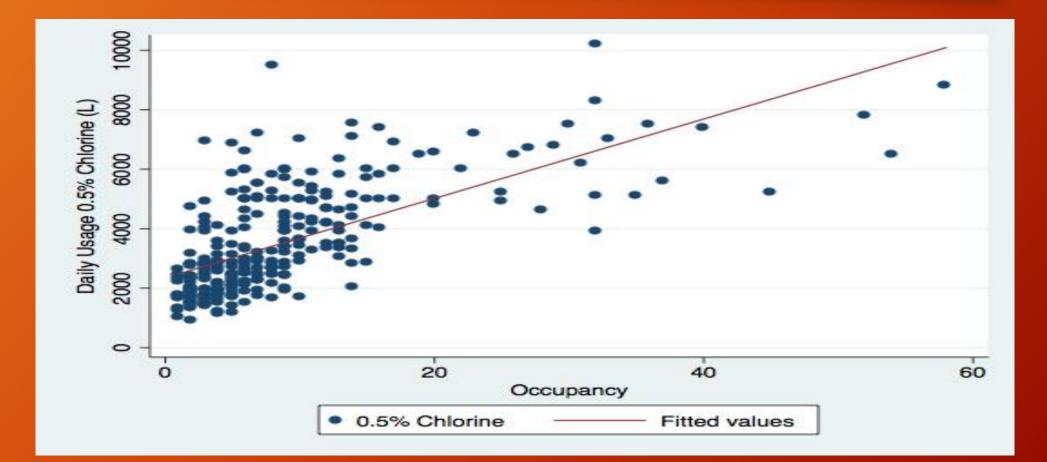


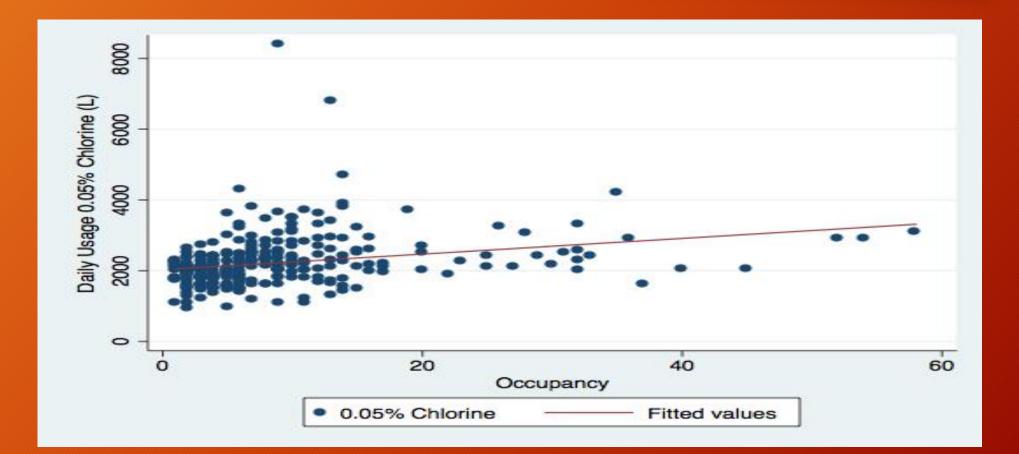


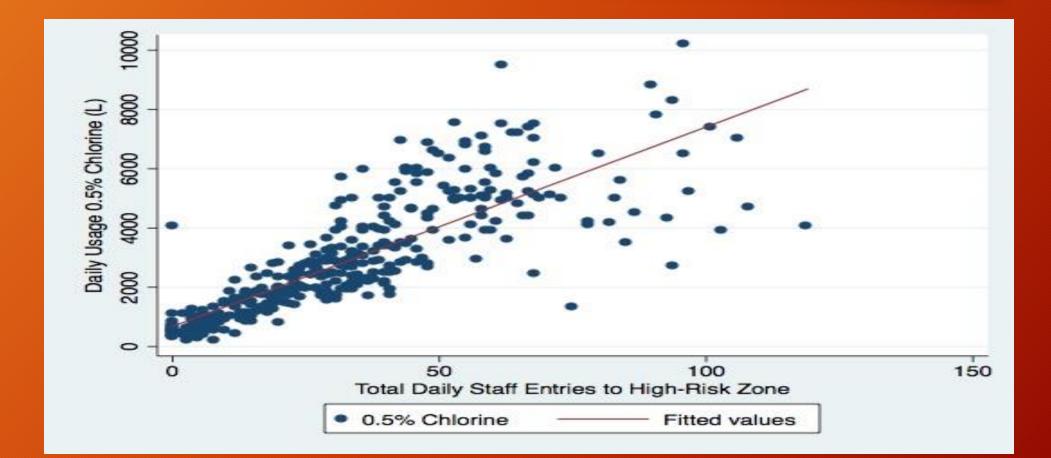
EBOLA OUTBREAK Sierra Leone

WHO: World Health Organization (2016)

Sierra Leone	Cases Deaths		
► Global	Cases Deaths	·	







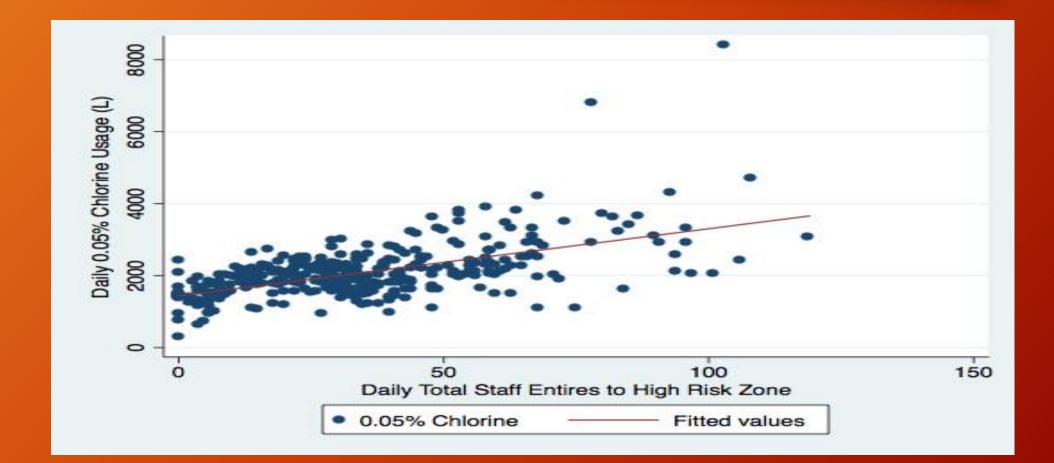


Table 1: Key variables in ETU, Sierra Leone

Key Variables (per day)

Median (IQR)

Patient Occupancy	6 (3-11)
	0 (3 11)
Chlorine Consumption	
Low Concentration (0.05% cl, Liters)	2000 (1600-2340)
High Concentration (0.5% cl, Liters)	2490 (1520-4200)
High Risk Zone Staff Entries	
Medical	14 (7-20)
WASH	16 (8-29)
Total	31 (15.5-47.5)
WASH Activities	
Incinerated Bags (HRZ)	14 (7-22)
Incinerated Bags (LRZ)	20 (17-24)
Disinfected Cubical Beds	4 (2-12)

Table 3: PPE usage per day in ETUs, Sierra Leone

Item	Median (IQR)
Disinfected	
Goggles	37 (19-50)
Latrines	3 (3-4)
Wards	3 (2-3)
Laundered	
Scrubs	126 (108-162)
Aprons	59 (43-72)
Heavy Duty Gloves	52 (39-64)
Boots	200 (170-233)
Used	
Coveralls	19 (7.5-30.5)
N95 Masks	20 (8-31)
Hoods	20 (9-31)
Damaged/Repaired	
Total PPE Damaged	1 (0-4)
Sprayers Repaired	2 (2-3)

Table 2: Multivariate linear regression analysis of key WASH/IPC variables

	Оссиралсу				High Risk Staff Zone Entries			
		95	% CI		95 % CI			
	Coefficient	Lower	Upper	р	Coefficient	Lower	Upper	р
Chlorine Consumption								
0.05% cl solution	22.19	12.75	31.63	<0.01	18.67	16.02	21.32	<0.01
0.5% cl solution	133.45	116.06	150.84	<0.01	67.30	62.34	72.27	<0.01
WASH Activities								
Bags Incinerated	0.42	0.24	0.60	<0.01	-		-	
Beds Disinfe cted	0.91	0.82	1.00	<0.01			·	
PPE								
Disinfected								
Goggles	-	-			1.26	1.15	1.37	<0.01
Laundered								
Scrubs	-		-	-	1.92	1.63	2.21	<0.01
Aprons			-		1.07	0.93	1.21	<0.01
Heavy Duty Gloves		-	-		0.95	0.83	1.08	<0.01
Boots	-	-	-		1.58	1.14	2.01	<0.01
Used								
Coveralls	-	-	-	-	0.86	0.79	0.93	<0.01

SIERRA LEONE – Ebola Outbreak



SIERRA LEONE – Ebola Outbreak



Sanitary Consortium, Inc. Strategic Management Services - USA Adjunct Assistant Professor – Tulane University Adjunct Instructor – LSU School of Pubic Health

MERCI BEAUCOUP

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Questions ?

MAKENI – Ebola Treatment Center



